Service user involvement in the development of services for autistic adults without a learning disability: Barriers & Enablers

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Background

A 2017 study by the National Disability Authority (NDA) identified several gaps in the availability of, and access to services for adults with autism without a learning disability. A lot of research papers around service user engagement in research and education but very little around service development

Methodology

Engaged autism leads and service users in three local authorities
Engaged Service Users, Providers,
Voluntary sector and Professionals (social work practice & commissioning)
Literature review of 34 papers including grey literature and policy documents in the UK, Europe and USA

Co- Design Process

Meaningful Inclusion

Service User participation was less consultative and more collaborative with more service user control Participants defined the scope and set rules for the co design process Agreed the principles which should underpin and inform any service for autistic people

Shared Focus

Participants were asked to define: What the service should look like, Who should deliver it and How the service should be delivered.

Ownership

A shared ownership of documenting output. Notes from the meeting were shared via email and participants encouraged to make amendment or include additional information

Joint decision making

A survey sent out more widely to other autistic adults and their carers on the information gathered

Outcome

Participants were asked what outcomes the service needs to consider when designing the service for autistic adults
Participants agreed how outcomes should be measured
Participants agreed tools including feedback mechanisms

ATIONAL DISABILITY AUTHORITY. 2017. Good practice in supporting adults with autism [Online]. Available aps://nda.ie/publications/good-practice-in-supporting-adults-with-autism

Implication for Practice

Adult Social Care develop agency guidance through a service wide policy and protocol for service user involvement. The policy should include plans to enhance service user understanding and knowledge for effective service user engagement

Develop a skilled workforce that responds positively to the presenting needs of autistic adults who do not have a learning disability

Adult Social Care should include an autism checklist within the referral/assessment process to prompt front door staff, assessors, and social workers to consider a presentation of autism when responding to a referral.